

Diff Eq - Clex 13 - solutions

①

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \mathcal{L}\{y''\} - 10\mathcal{L}\{y'\} + 9\mathcal{L}\{y\} = 5\mathcal{L}\{t\}$$

$$s^2 Y(s) - s y(0) - y'(0) - 10s Y(s) + 10 y(0) + 9 Y(s) = \frac{5}{s^2}$$

$$(s^2 - 10s + 9) Y(s) + s - 12 = 5/s^2$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{5 + (2s^2 - s^3)}{s^2(s-9)(s-1)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s^2} + \frac{C}{s-9} + \frac{D}{s-1}$$

$$5 + (2s^2 - s^3) = As(s-9)(s-1) + B(s-9)(s-1) + Cs^2(s-1) + Ds^2(s-9)$$

$$s=0 \Rightarrow B = 5/9; \quad s=1 \Rightarrow D = -2; \quad s=9 \Rightarrow C = \frac{31}{81}; \quad s=2 \Rightarrow A = \frac{50}{81}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{50}{81} \cdot \frac{1}{s} + \frac{5}{9} \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{31}{81} \frac{1}{s-9} - 2 \frac{1}{s-1}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{50}{81} + \frac{5}{9}t + \frac{31}{81}e^{9t} - 2e^t$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad (s^2 - 6s + 15) Y(s) + s - 2 = \frac{6}{s^2 + 9}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{-s^3 + 2s^2 - 9s + 24}{(s^2 + 9)(s^2 - 6s + 15)} = \frac{As + B}{s^2 + 9} + \frac{Cs + D}{s^2 - 6s + 15}$$

$$s^3: A + C = -1, \quad s^2: -6A + B + D = 2, \quad s^1: 15A - 6B + 9C = -9$$

$$s^0: 15B + 9D = 24 \Rightarrow A = \frac{1}{10}, B = \frac{1}{10}, C = -\frac{11}{10}, D = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{10} \frac{s+1}{s^2+9} + \frac{1}{10} \frac{-11s+25}{s^2-6s+15}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s+1}{s^2+9} \right\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s}{s^2+9} \right\} + \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{s^2+9} \right\} = \cos 3t + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3t$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{-11s+25}{s^2-6s+15} \right\} &= \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{-11(s-3)-8}{(s-3)^2+6} \right\} = -11 \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{(s-3)}{(s-3)^2+6} \right\} - 8 \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{(s-3)^2+6} \right\} \\ &= -11 e^{3t} \cos \sqrt{6}t - \frac{8}{\sqrt{6}} \sin \sqrt{6}t \end{aligned}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{10} \cos 3t + \frac{1}{30} \sin 3t - \frac{11}{10} e^{3t} \cos \sqrt{6}t - \frac{4}{5\sqrt{6}} e^{3t} \sin \sqrt{6}t$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad f(t) = u_1(t)(t^2 - 2t + 2) = u_1(t)[(t-1)^2 + 1]$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{f(t)\} = \mathcal{L}\{u_1(t)(t-1)^2\} + \mathcal{L}\{u_1(t)\} = e^{-s} \frac{2}{s^3} + e^{-s} \frac{1}{s}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{4} \quad \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{e^{-2s}}{s^2+s-2} \right\} &= \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ e^{-2s} \left[\frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{s-1} - \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{s+2} \right] \right\} = \\ &= \frac{1}{3} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ e^{-2s} \frac{1}{s-1} \right\} - \frac{1}{3} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ e^{-2s} \frac{1}{s+2} \right\} = \frac{1}{3} u_2(t) \left[e^{t-2} - e^{-2(t-2)} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad g(t) = u_{\pi}(t) - u_{2\pi}(t)$$

$$s^2 Y(s) - s - 4Y(s) = e^{-\pi s} \frac{1}{s} - e^{-2\pi s} \frac{1}{s}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{e^{-\pi s} - e^{-2\pi s}}{s(s^2+4)} + \frac{s}{s^2+4}$$

$$\frac{1}{s(s^2+4)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{Bs+C}{s^2+4} \Rightarrow A = \frac{1}{4}, \quad B = -\frac{1}{4}, \quad C = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}^{-1} \{ Y(s) \} &= \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{4} \frac{e^{-\pi s}}{s} \right\} + \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ -\frac{1}{4} \frac{e^{-\pi s}}{s^2+4} \right\} + \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ -\frac{1}{4} \frac{e^{-2\pi s}}{s} \right\} + \\ &+ \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{4} \frac{e^{-2\pi s}}{s^2+4} \right\} + \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s}{s^2+4} \right\} = \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} u_{\pi}(t) \{ 1 - \cos 2(t-\pi) \} - \frac{1}{4} u_{2\pi}(t) \{ 1 - \cos 2(t-2\pi) \} + \cos 2t$$

$$g(t) = \frac{1}{4} \{ u_{\pi}(t) - u_{2\pi}(t) \} (1 - \cos 2t) + \cos 2t.$$