## DIFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, CLASS EXERCISE 7

- (1) A series circuit has a capacitor of  $10^{-5}F$ , a resistor of  $300\Omega$  and an inductor of 0.2*H*. The initial charge on the capacitor is  $10^{-6}C$  and there is no initial current. Find the charge Q(t) on the capacitor as a function of time.
- (2) Consider a vibrating system described by an initial value problem

$$u'' + \frac{1}{4}u' + 2u = 2\cos(\omega t), \quad u(0) = 0, u'(0) = 2.$$

In all three parts below do the computations from first principles without using the canned formulas from the notes (or the book).

- i) Describe the steady state part of the solution of this problem.
- ii) Find the amplitude of the steady state solution in terms of  $\omega$ .
- iii) Find the maximum value of A and the frequency  $\omega$  for which it occurs.
- (3) A frictionless mass-spring system is driven by a periodic external force. The differential equation describing the dynamics is

$$u'' + 4u = 3\cos(1.8t)$$

The initial conditions are u(0) = 0, u'(0) = 0.

- i) Derive the solution of this IVP.
- ii) Express the solution as a beat with slowly varying amplitude.
- iii) What is the amplitude of the envelope of the beat?
- iv) Sketch a picture of the solution.
- (4) Consider the mechanical system drawn below. Assuming that the masses  $m_1$  and  $m_2$  experience friction with friction coefficients  $\gamma_1$  and  $\gamma_2$ , respectively, write the equations of motion for the displacements from equilibrium position,  $u_1$  and  $u_2$ . Next, by introducing new variables, rewrite the equations of motion as a system of first order differential equations. Finally, write the first order system in matricial form.

