

Diff Eq - §33 - Competing species

Two similar species compete for a limited food supply (they do not prey on each other).

In the absence of competition the two species populations follow logistic growth each:

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = x(\varepsilon_1 - \sigma_1 x), \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = y(\varepsilon_2 - \sigma_2 y)$$

In the presence of competition the dynamics becomes

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = x(\varepsilon_1 - \sigma_1 x - \alpha_1 y), \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = y(\varepsilon_2 - \sigma_2 y - \alpha_2 x)$$

$\alpha_{1,2}$ are measures of the degree in each one of the species interferes with the other.

Ex: $\frac{dx}{dt} = x(1-x-y), \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = y(0.75-y-0.5x)$

To find the critical points we solve the algebraic system

$$x(1-x-y) = 0 \quad y(0.75-y-0.5x) = 0$$

The four critical points are

$$\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix} \right), \left(\begin{smallmatrix} 0 \\ 0.75 \end{smallmatrix} \right), \left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix} \right), \left(\begin{smallmatrix} 0.5 \\ 0.5 \end{smallmatrix} \right)$$

one of the species is absent ↑ both species are present.

To investigate the behaviour of the system we need the Jacobian:

$$J = \begin{pmatrix} 1-2x-y & -x \\ -0.5y & 0.75-2y-0.5x \end{pmatrix}$$

At $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$: $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.75 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}, \quad \lambda_1 = 1, \lambda_2 = 0.75$ unstable

At $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0.75 \end{pmatrix}$: $\begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix}' = \begin{pmatrix} 0.25 & 0 \\ -0.375 & -0.75 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix}, \quad \lambda_1 = 0.25, \lambda_2 = -0.75$ unstable

At $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$: $\begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix}' = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0.25 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix}, \quad \lambda_1 = -1, \lambda_2 = 0.25$ unstable

At $\begin{pmatrix} 0.5 \\ 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$: $\begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix}' = \begin{pmatrix} -0.5 & -0.5 \\ -0.25 & -0.5 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix}, \quad \lambda_1 \approx -0.146, \lambda_2 \approx -0.854$
Asymptotically stable.

See appendix.

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Ex: $\frac{dx}{dt} = x(1-x-y)$, $\frac{dy}{dt} = y(0.5 - 0.25y - 0.75x)$

The critical points are: $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$, $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$, $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$, $\begin{pmatrix} 0.5 \\ 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$.

The Jacobian is

$$J = \begin{pmatrix} 1-2x-y & -x \\ -0.75y & 0.5-0.5y-0.75x \end{pmatrix}$$

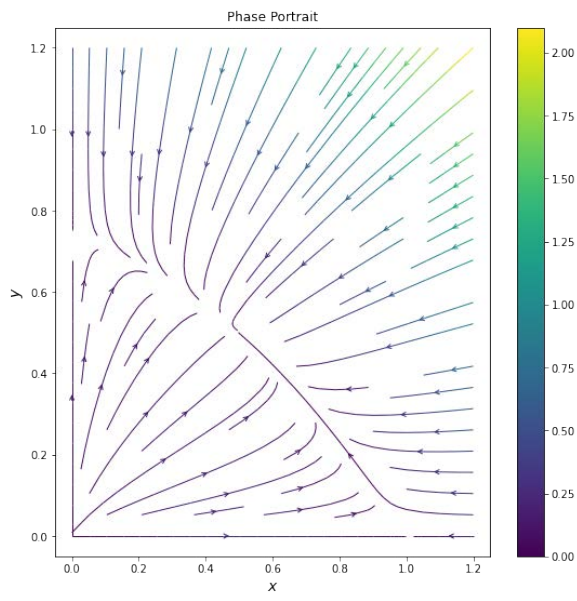
At $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$: $J = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$, $\lambda_1 = 1$, $\lambda_2 = 0.5$ Unstable.

At $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$: $J = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 \\ 0 & -0.25 \end{pmatrix}$, $\lambda_1 = -1$, $\lambda_2 = -0.25$ Asymptotically stable.

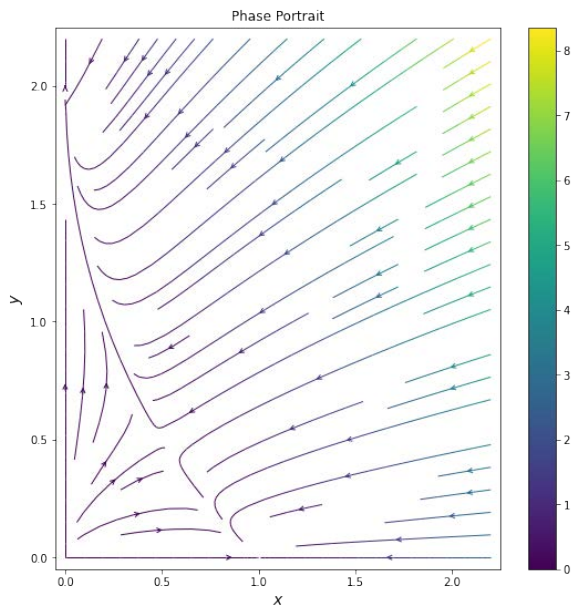
At $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$: $J = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ -1.5 & -0.5 \end{pmatrix}$, $\lambda_1 = -1$, $\lambda_2 = -0.5$ Asymptotically stable.

At $\begin{pmatrix} 0.5 \\ 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$: $J = \begin{pmatrix} -0.5 & -0.5 \\ -0.375 & -0.125 \end{pmatrix}$, $\lambda_1 \approx 0.1594$, $\lambda_2 \approx -0.7844$ Unstable.

The phase diagram (see Appendix) has a **separatrix** which divides the 1st quadrant into two basins of attraction: That of $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ and that of $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$. So in this example there is no stable coexistence state.



Phase portrait for the system on page 0.



Phase portrait for the system on page 1.